



Online Low Temperature Plasma (OLTP) Seminar Series

#s1741, Tuesday, 20 Feb 2024, 10:00am

Low temperature plasma life innovations: Functional reaction networks of radical chemistry

Kenji Ishikawa

Nagoya University Center for low temperature plasma science

ishikawa.kenji@nagoya-u.jp

Keigo Takeda, Shinji Yoshimura, Takashi Kondo, Hiromasa Tanaka, Shinya Toyokuni, Kae Nakamura,
Hiroaki Kajiyama, Masaaki Mizuno & Masaru Hori



Center for low-temperature plasma sciences



Nagoya University plasma science platform – 165 of originally-developed apparatus
– for low-temperature plasma sciences and innovations



- Fundamental, basic (source, diagnostics)
- Green & nano, DX
- Bio, medicine & agri
- Semiconductor

FREE RADICAL RESEARCH
<https://doi.org/10.1080/10715762.2023.2230351>

REVIEW ARTICLE

Generation and measurement of low-temperature plasma for cancer therapy: a historical review

Kenji Ishikawa^a , Keigo Takeda^b, Shinji Yoshimura^{a,c,d} , Takashi Kondo^a, Hiromasa Tanaka^a , Shinya Toyokuni^{a,e} , Kae Nakamura^{a,f} , Hiroaki Kajiyama^{a,f} , Masaaki Mizuno^g and Masaru Hori^a

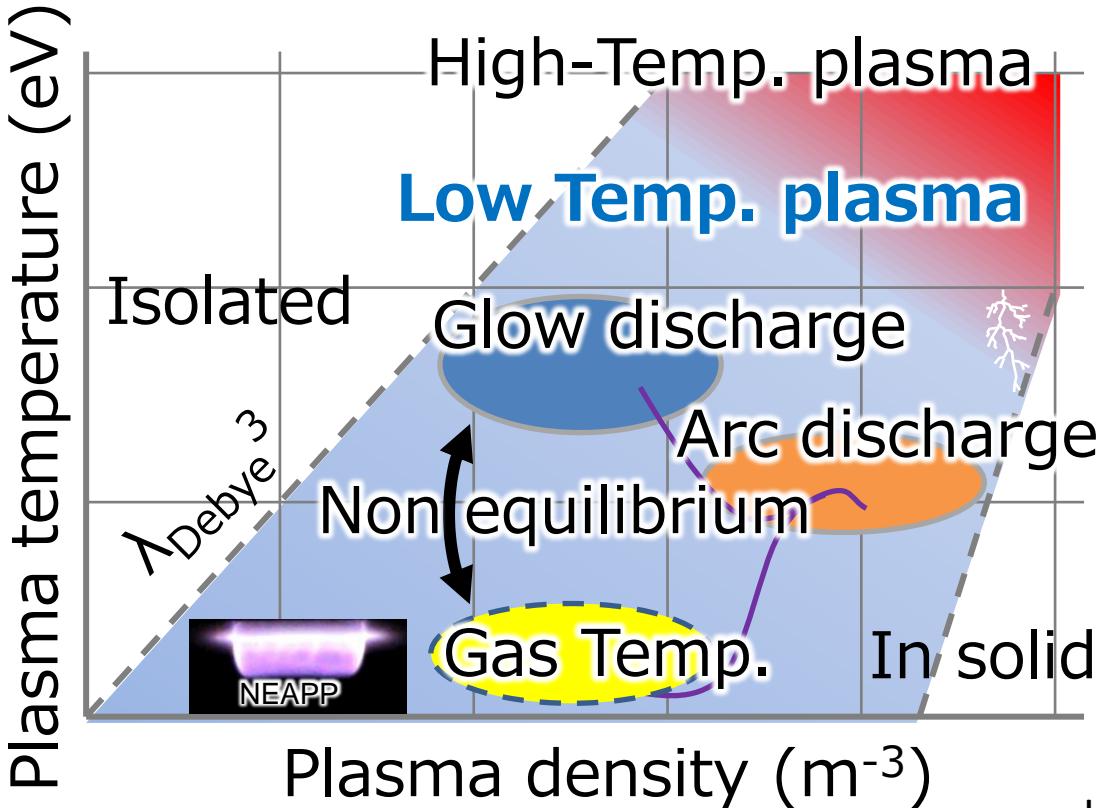
^aCenter for Low-temperature Plasma Sciences, Nagoya University, Nagoya, Japan; ^bDepartment of Electrical and Electronic

Free Radical Research (2023), 57 (3) Pages 239-270
DOI: [10.1080/10715762.2023.2230351](https://doi.org/10.1080/10715762.2023.2230351)



OPEN ACCESS

Plasmas occurring in nature

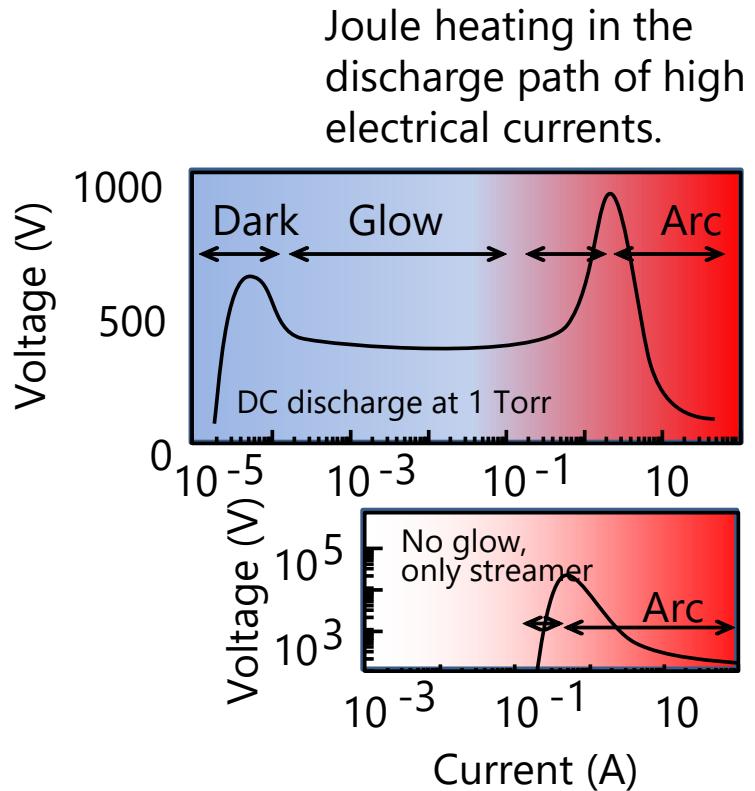
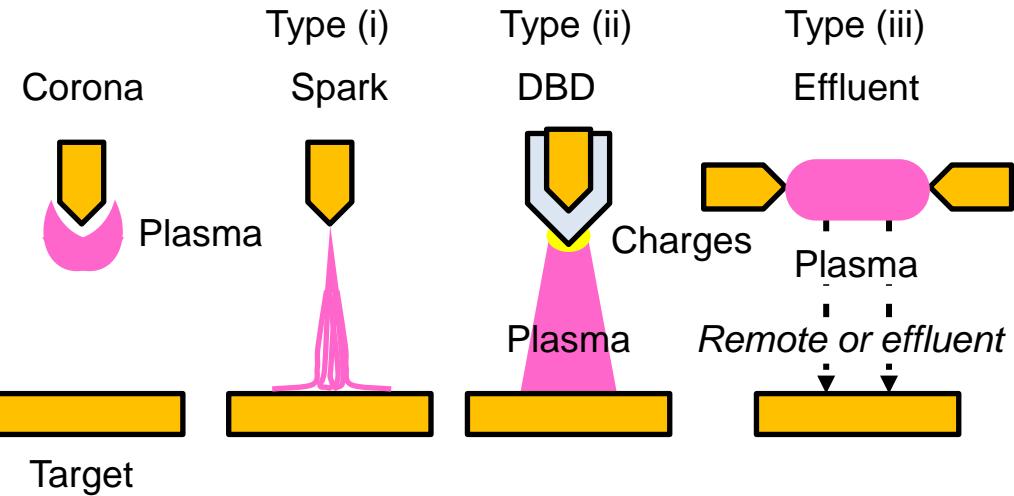


Solar wind



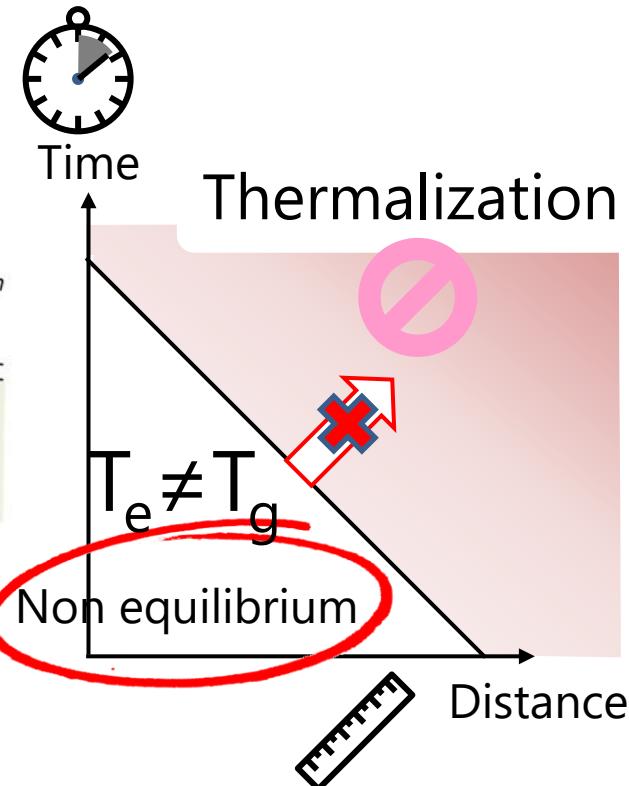
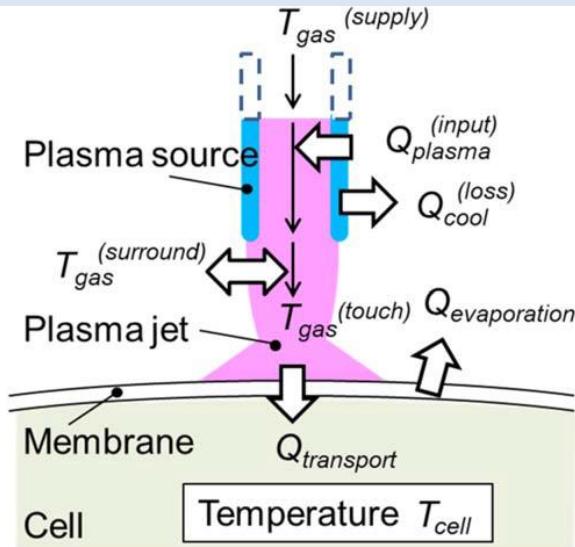
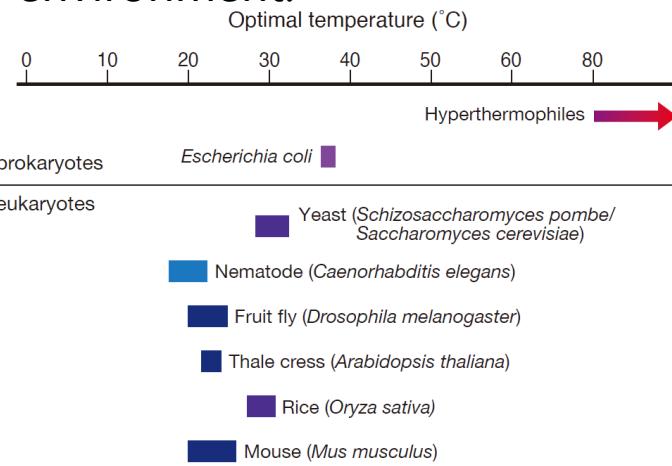
Aurora borealis
<https://lamp-mission.sites.uiowa.edu/>
Nagoya University ISEE

Plasma sources & mode transition



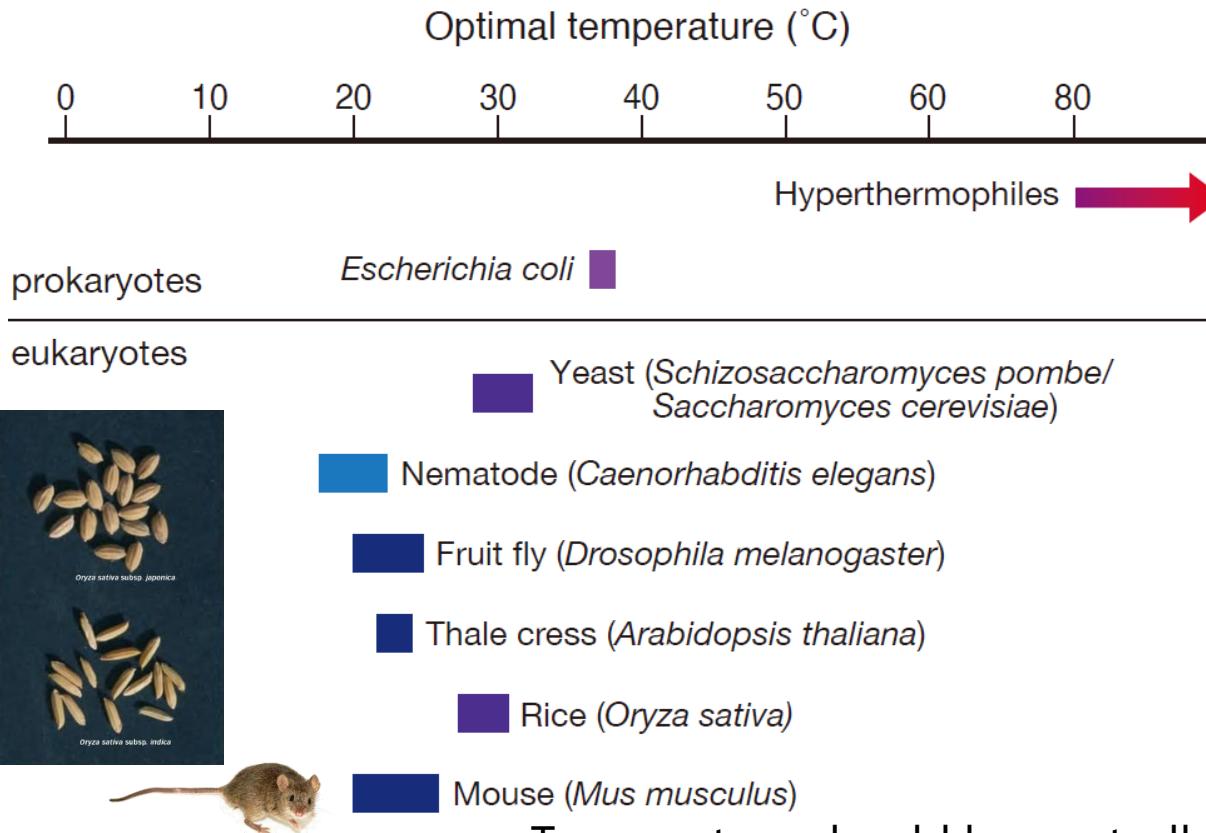
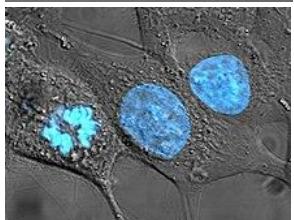
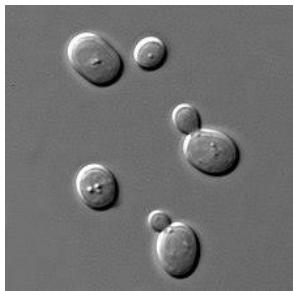
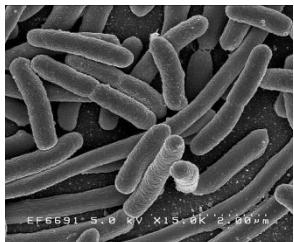
Optimal temperature range is narrow

A balance between source input and consumption-loss of energy determines the resulting temperature of the living organism, which is surrounded by the environment.



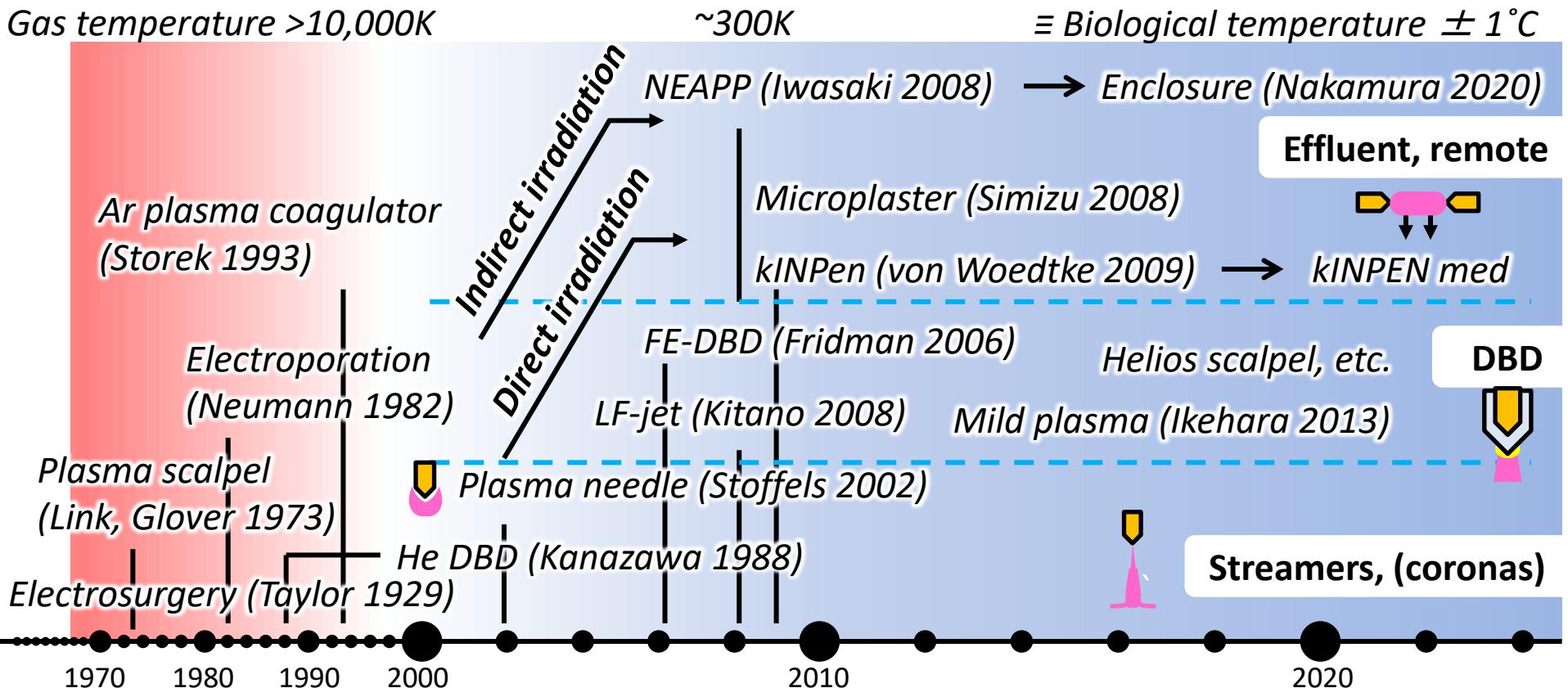
Temperature should be controlled for biology

Optimal temperature range is narrow



Temperature should be controlled for biology

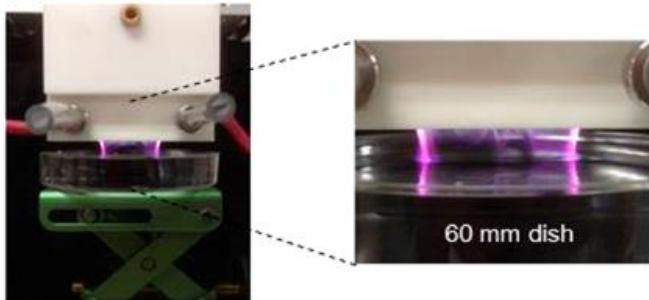
History of direct & indirect irradiations



Indirect - PAL: Plasma-activated solutions



Plasma-activated Lactec : PAL



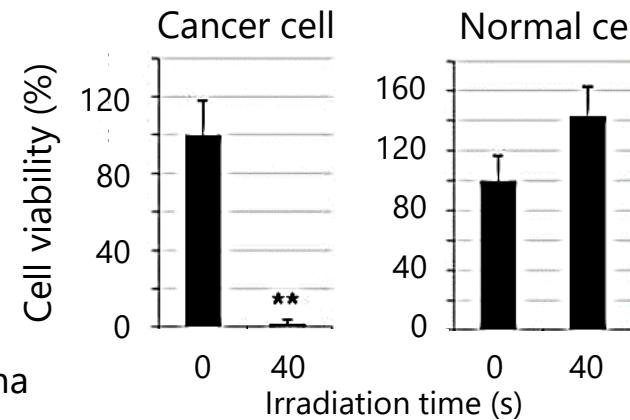
Ringer's lactated solution (Lactec) + plasma

- NaCl
- KCl
- $\text{CaCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$
- Lactate Na

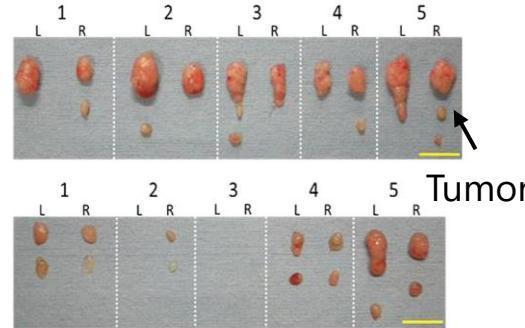


intravenous infusion

➤ Antitumor effect on PAL



Cont.



H. Tanaka *et al.*, *Sci. Rep.* **6**, 36282 (2016).



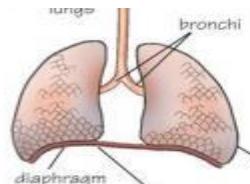
F. Utsumi *et al.*, *PLoS ONE* **6** (2014) e81576;

Plasma medical innovation – cancer therapy



Plasma cancer treatments

Lung



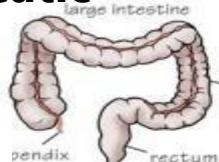
Liver



Pancreatic



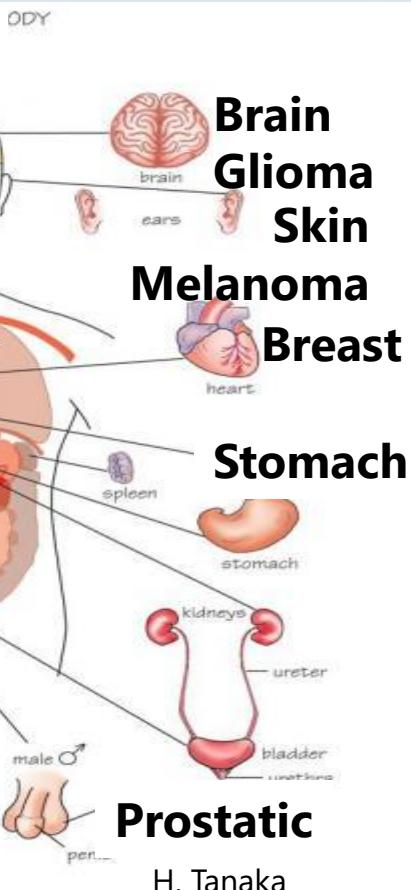
Colon



Uterine
Cervical



ODY



H. Tanaka

- Preferential killing of tumor cells
- Issues
- Clarification of plasma diagnostics and the antitumor mechanism of Plasma-activated liquids



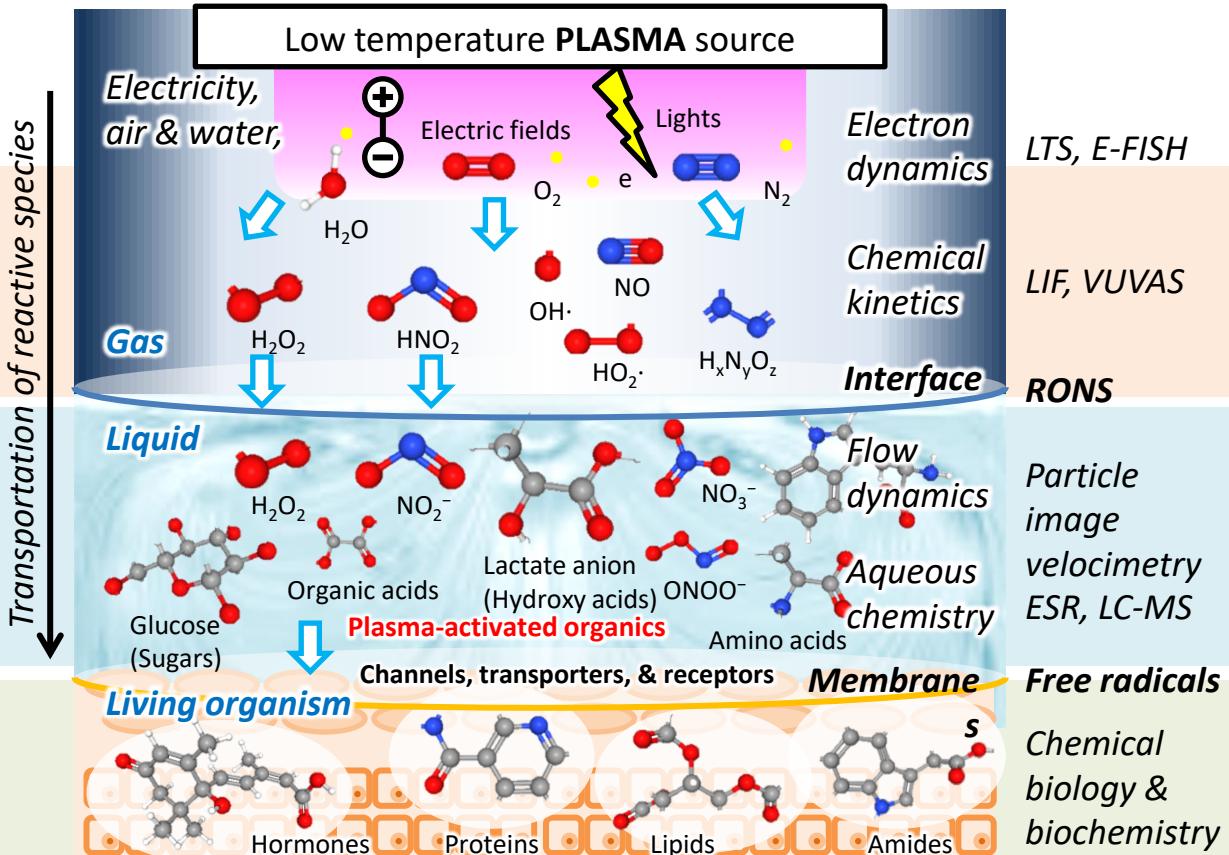
Hierarchical complex systems -diagnostics



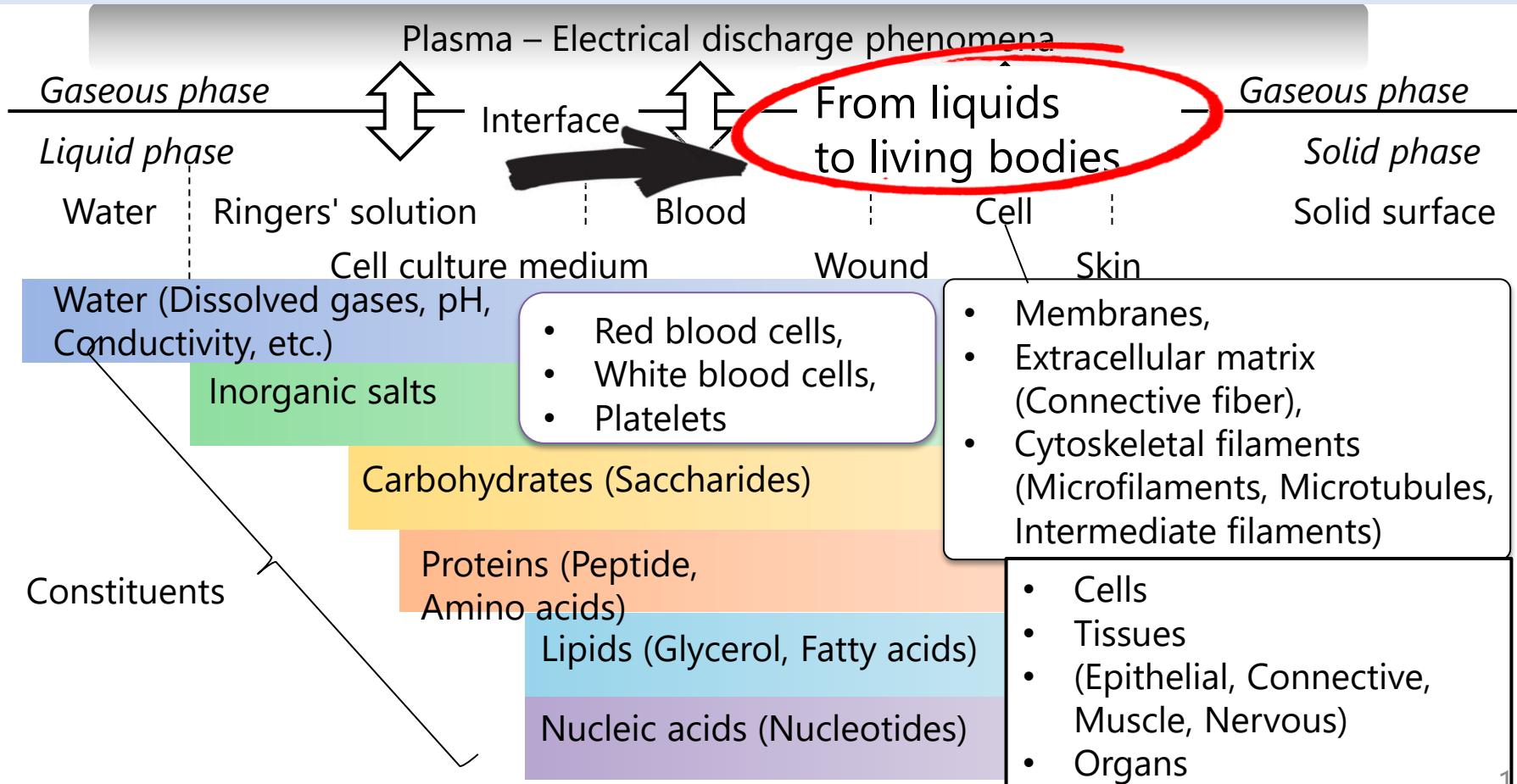
Laser diagnostics



Electron spin resonance (ESR)

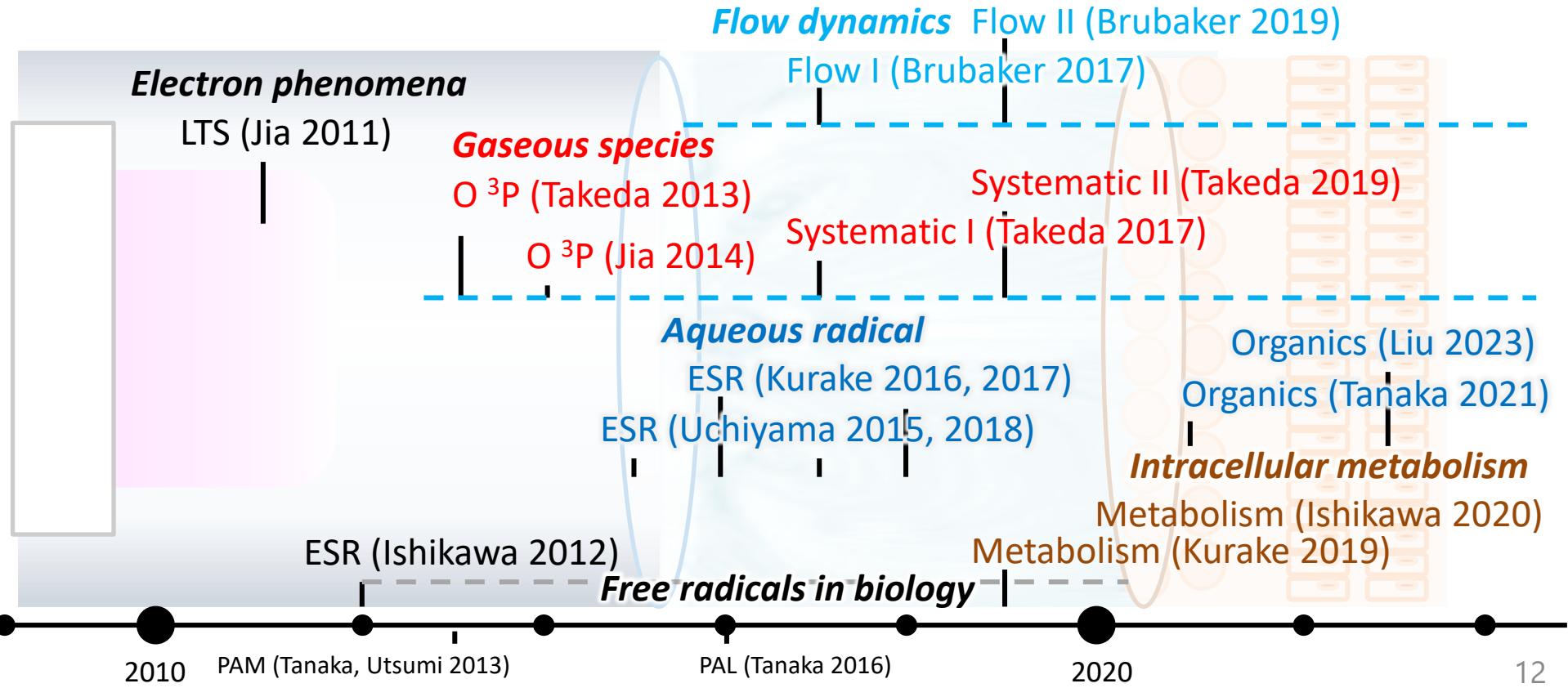


Effects of plasma-liquid interactions

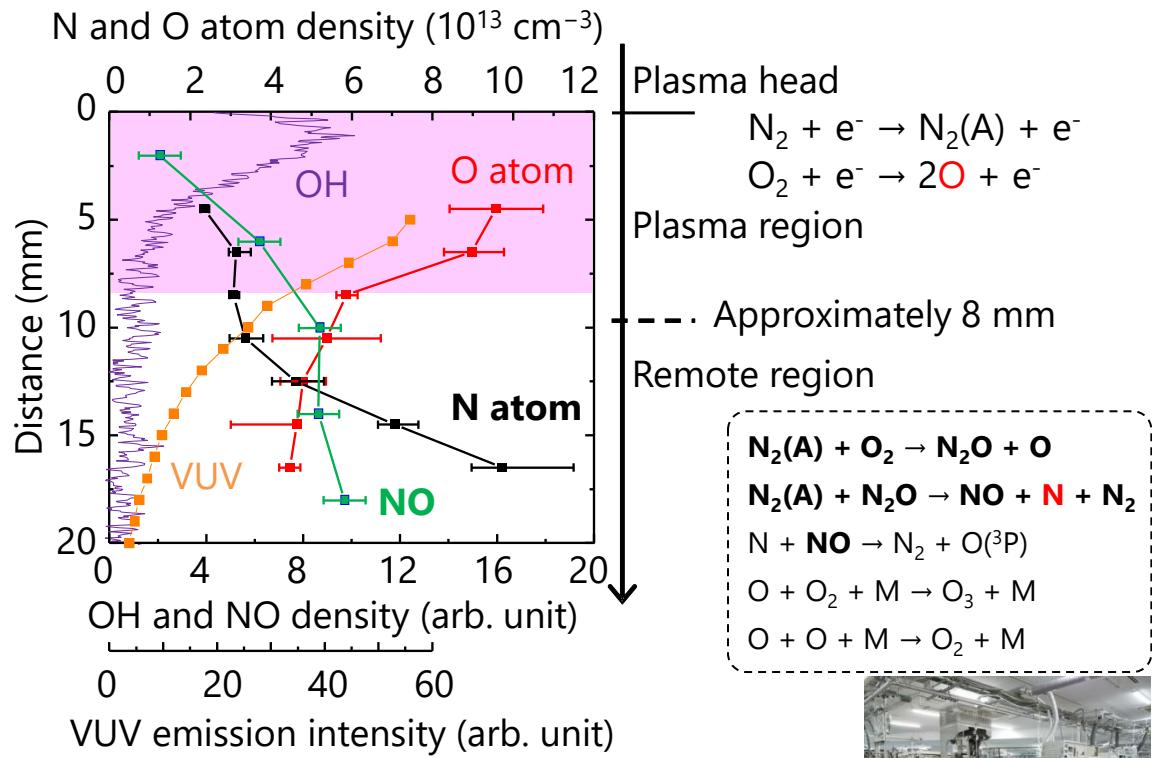
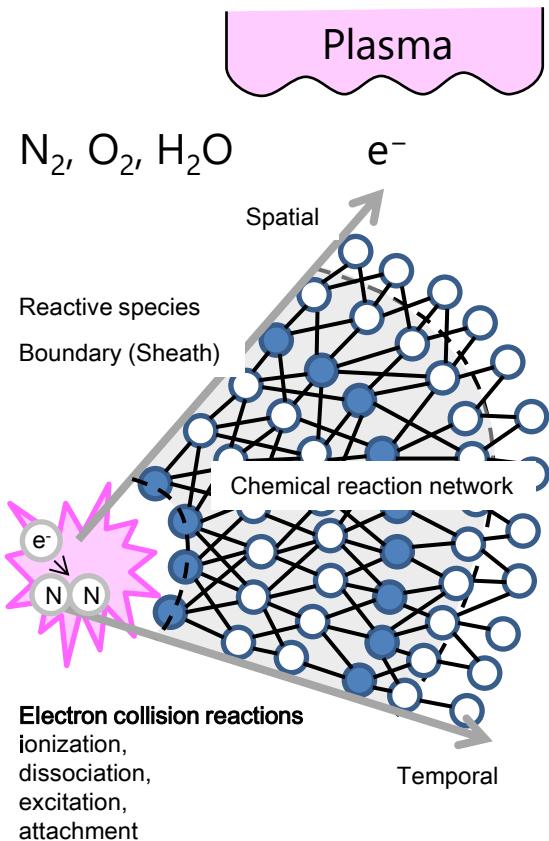


History of diagnostics

Plasma source \leftrightarrow Gaseous chemistry \leftrightarrow Aqueous chemistry \leftrightarrow Plasma-biological interaction



Gaseous - nonequilibrium physicochemical reaction field



K. Takeda, *J. Phys. D* **50**, 195202 (2017).

Laser diagnostics

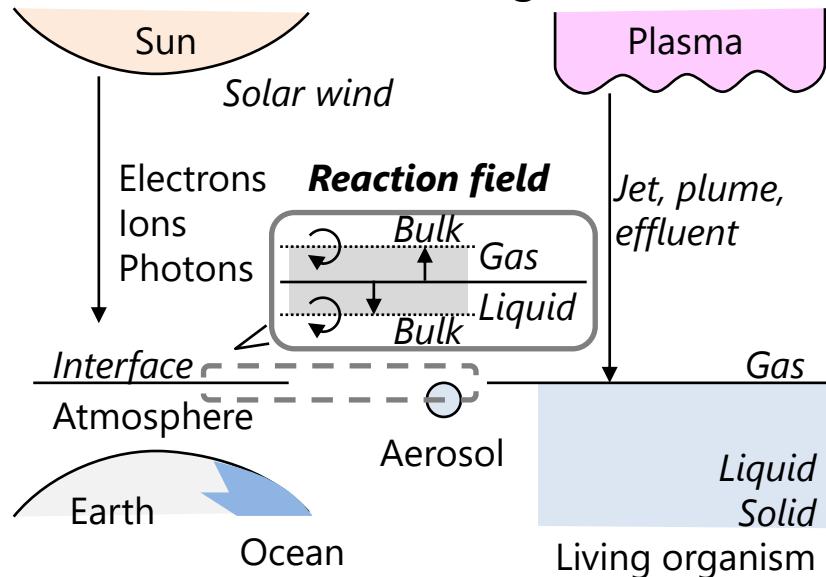


Chemical network - Artificial and natural systems

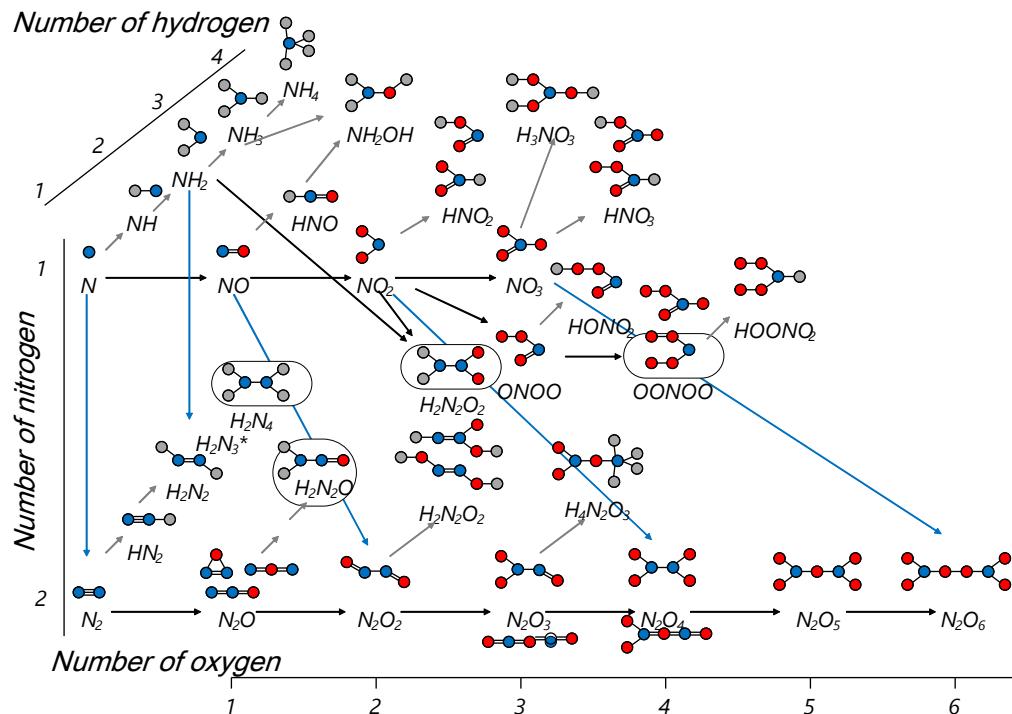


The plasma–liquid interactions

associated with a plasma discharge are similar to those occurring in the Sun



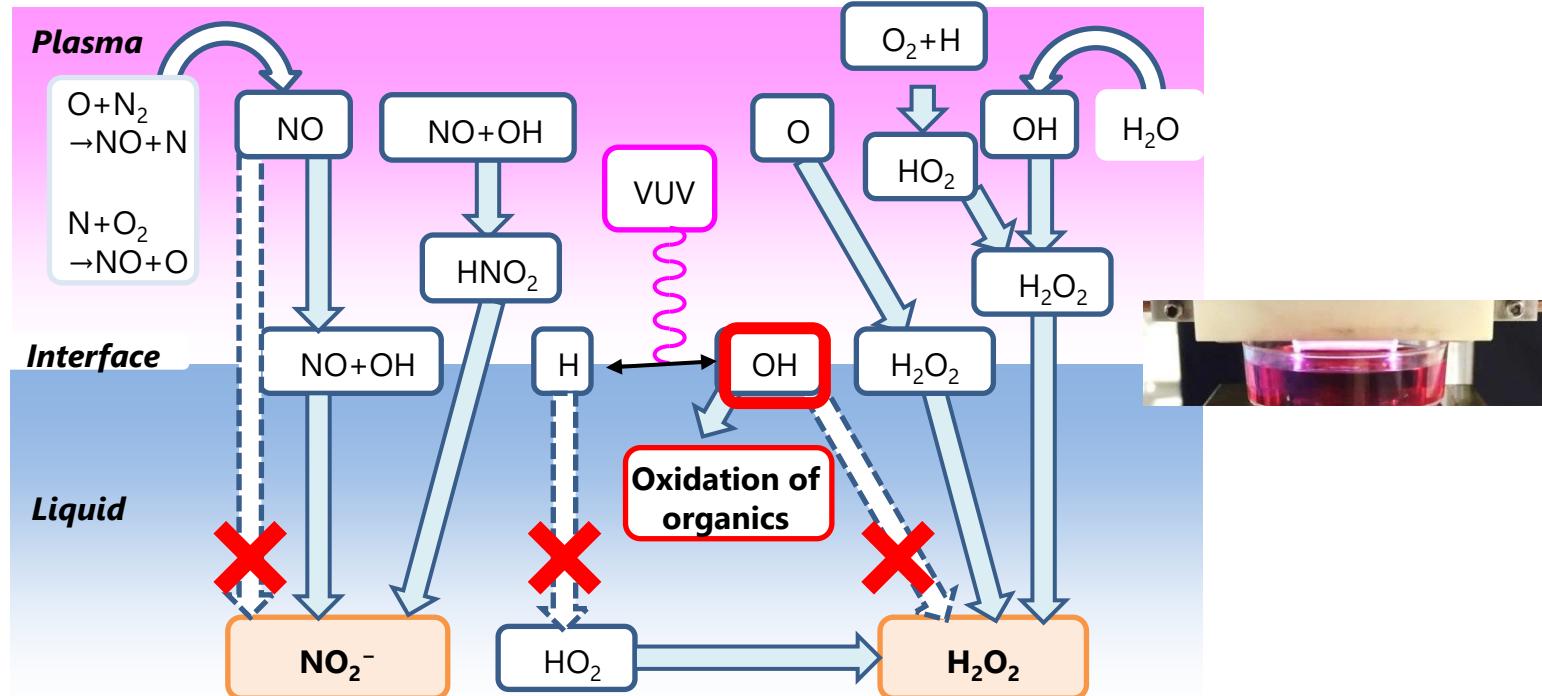
Chemical network of nitrogen derivatives



Aqueous - nonequilibrium physicochemical reaction field



- Nitrous oxides dissolve and OH radical oxidizes organics

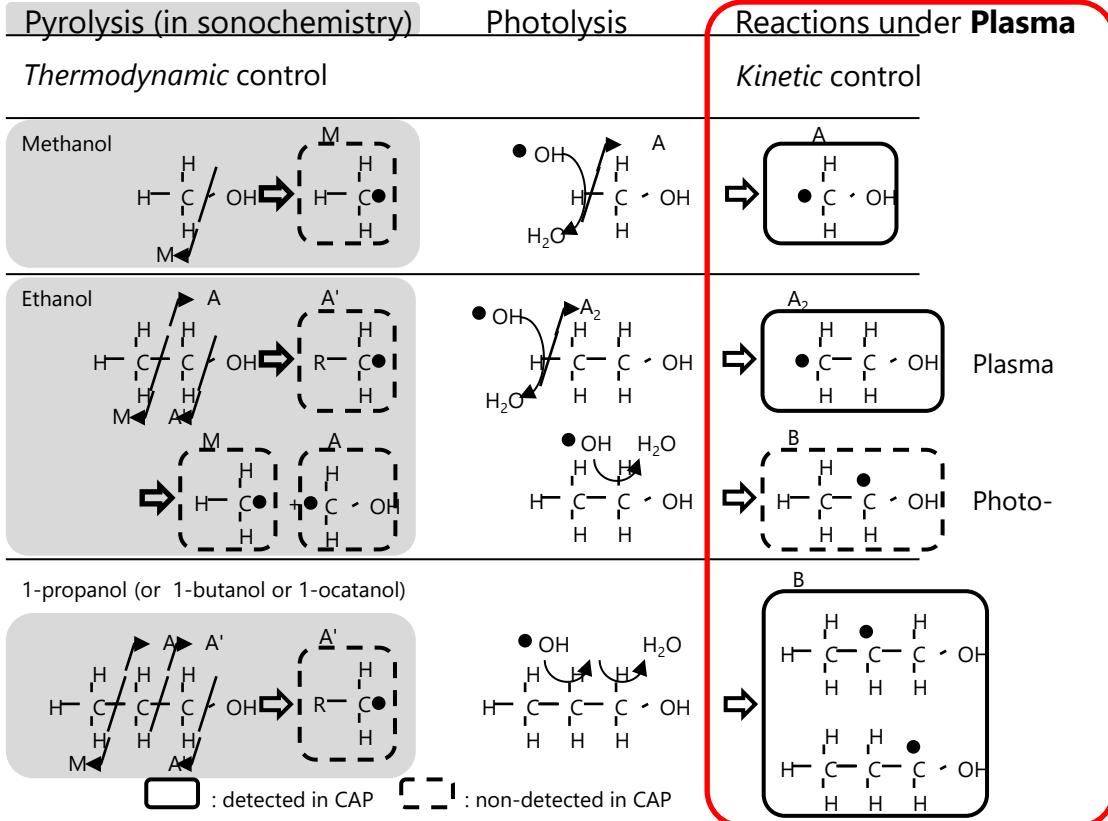
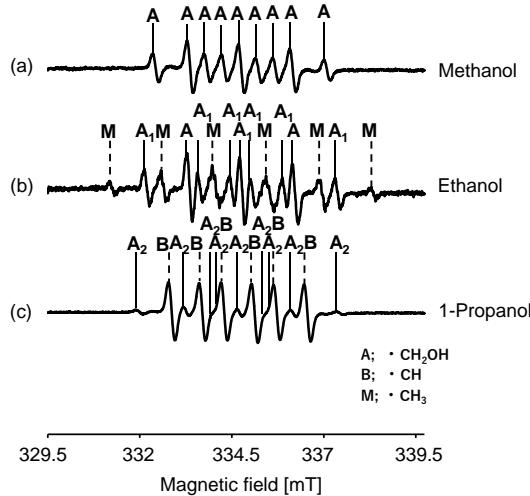


N. Kurake *et al.*, *J. Phys. D: Appl. Phys.* **50**, 155202 (2017); H. Uchiyama *ibid* **51**, 095202 (2018); *PLoS One* **10**, e0136956 (2015). Toyokuni *et al.*, *Plasma Medical Science* (Elsevier, 2018).

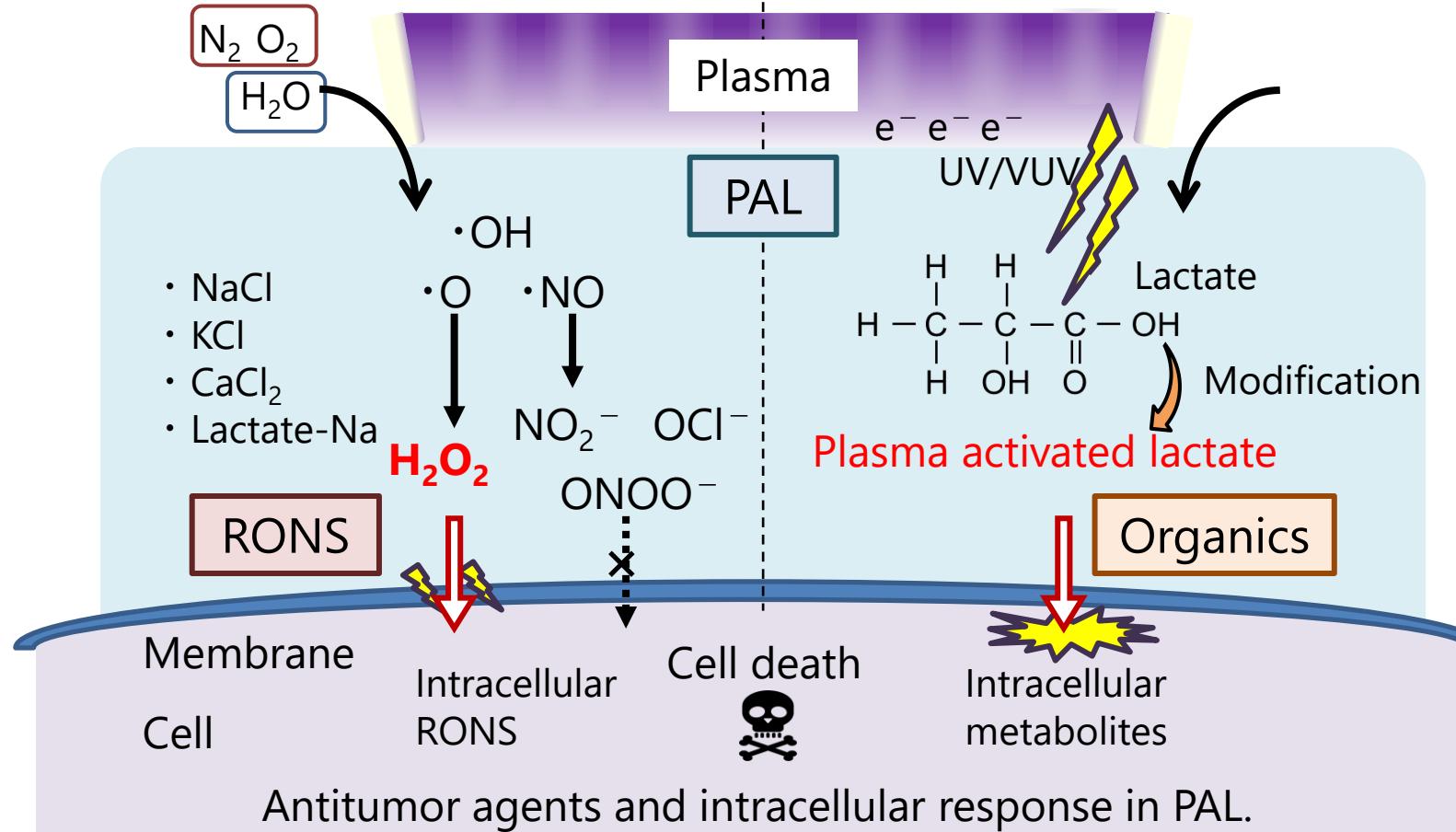
OH radical mediated reactions



Aqueous radical detection by electron spin resonance (ESR)

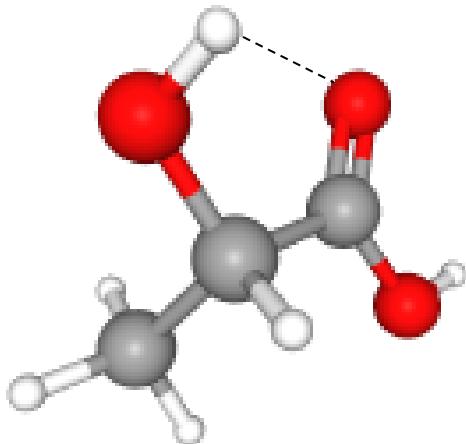


Inorganic and organic antitumor agents



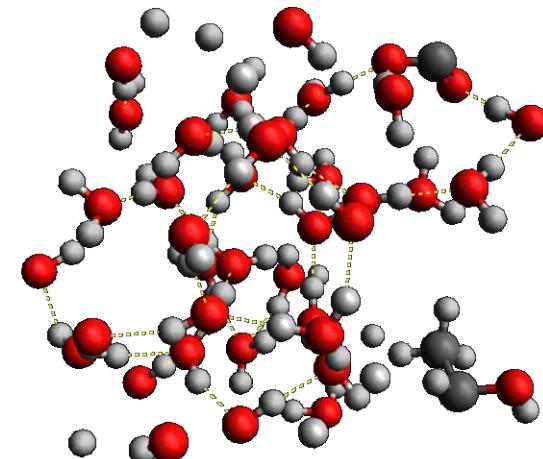
Aqueous reaction lactic acid and OH

- Conformation



Solvated water molecules

Acidification in water
(Alberti-Legendre transform
in Thermodynamics)



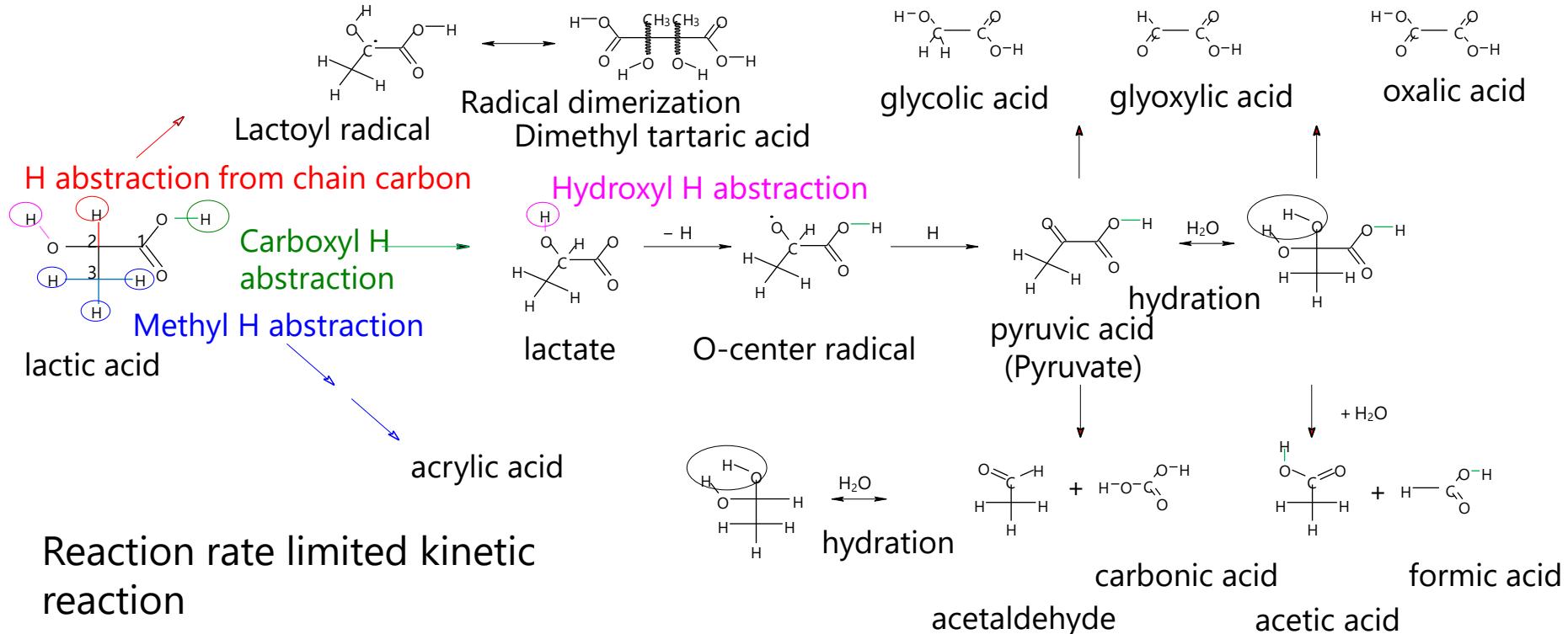
Alcohol (OH)/Aldehyde(C=O)/Carboxylic acid (COOH)

$C_3H_6O_3 \rightarrow C_{>3}$ synthesis, C_3 modification, $C_{<3}$ decomposition

Organic chemistry, Physical chemistry, Photochemistry, Electrochemistry,
Organic electrochemistry

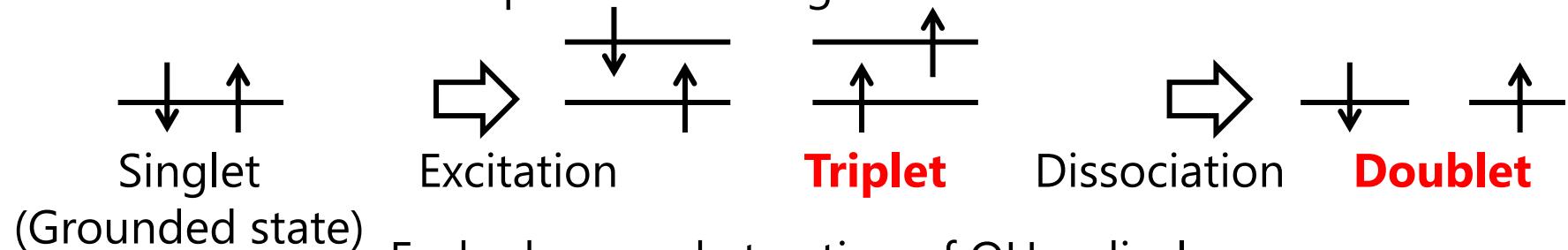
Plasma-induced aqueous chemistry

- Hydrogen abstraction

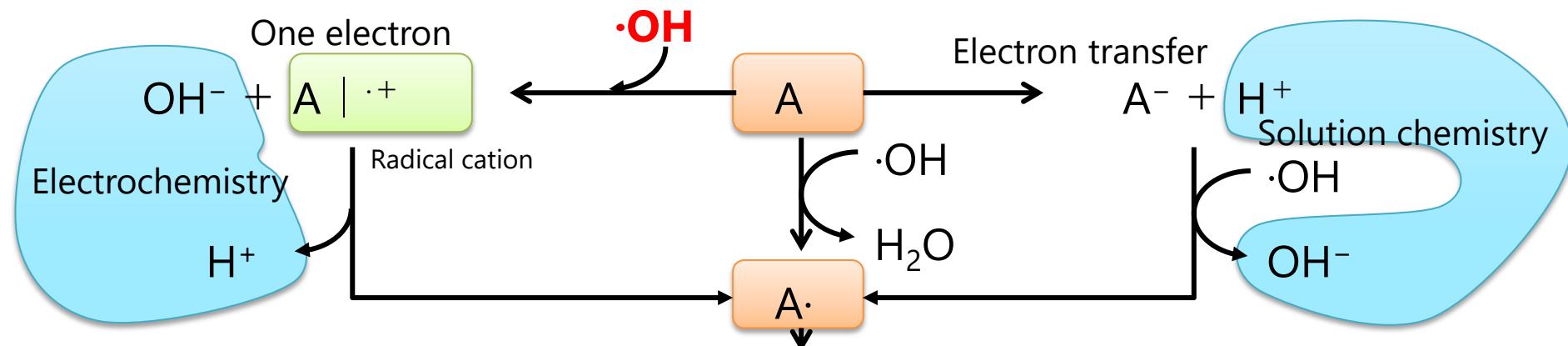


Chemical aspect - Radical reactions

Generation of reactive species involving radicals



Ex. hydrogen abstraction of OH radical



Rich aqueous chemistry in plasma induced reactions.
Physical actions Chemical reactions. (PACR)

Induction of cellular responses

Plasma-biological matter interactions

Gas

Air entrainment

Radicals



In situ diagnostics at real time

Liquid

NO_2^-

H_2O_2

Inorganic reactive oxygen & nitrogen species (RONS)

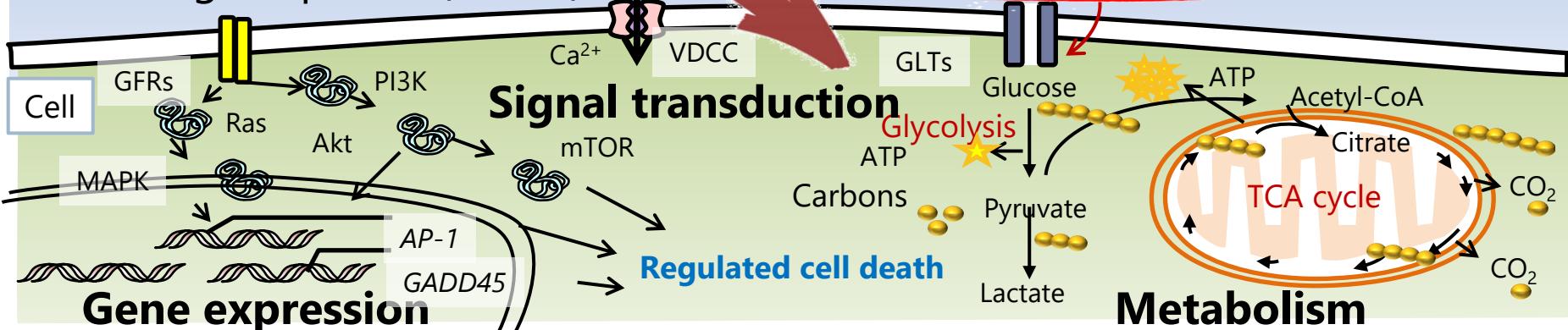
Glucose

Amino acids

Organics

Decomposition

Plasma-activated organics

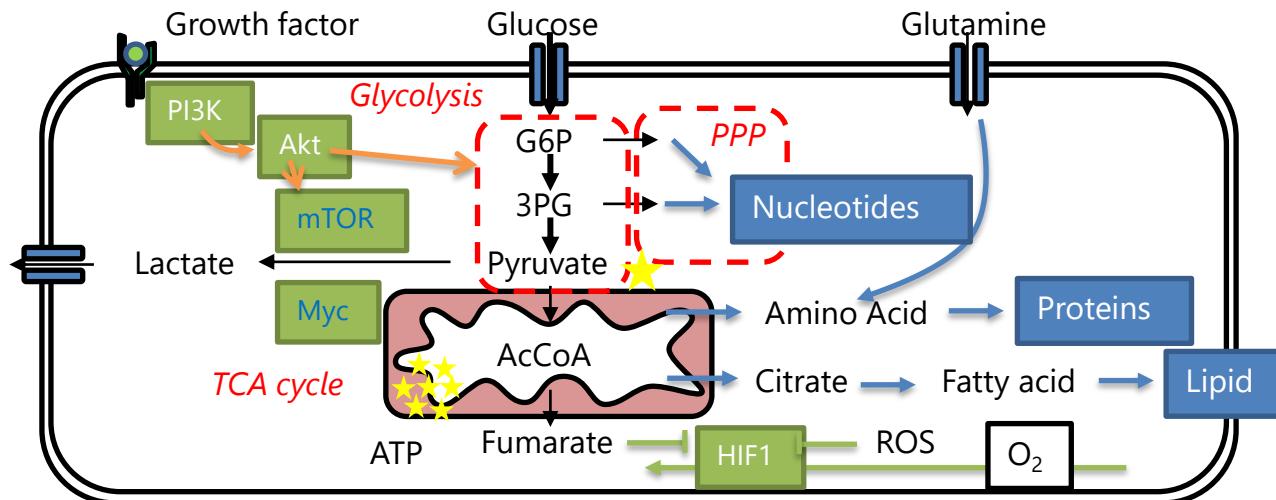


Cellular molecular mechanism

How plasma induced intracellular reactions ?

Intercellular metabolism

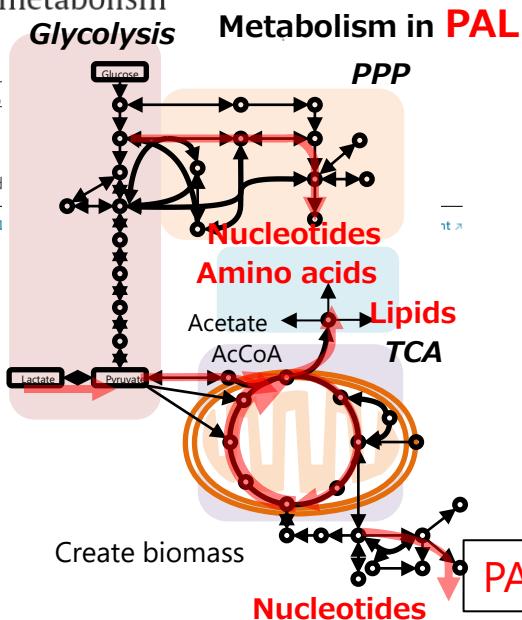
- Metabolic reprogramming: Nutrient acquisition and **metabolism** of malignant cells (**Aerobic glycolysis**, "Warburg effect")
 - Bio-energetic** (Glucose oxidation, ATP, etc.)
 - Bio-synthetic** (Amino acids, Lipids, Proteins as biomass)
 - Redox balance** (NADPH, GSH/GSSG, etc.)



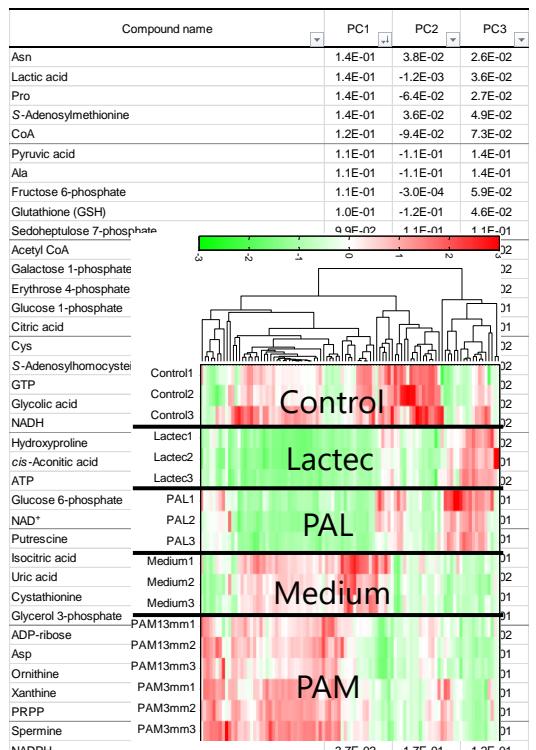
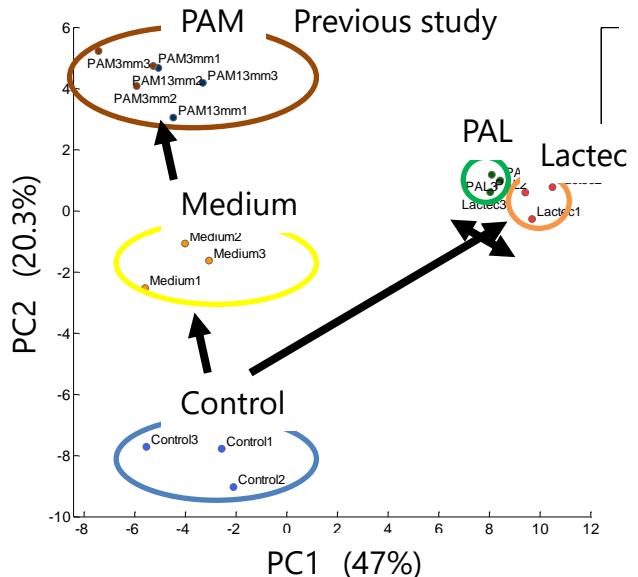
after DeBerardinis and Chandel, *Sci. Adv.* **2** (2016) e1600200.

Differences in metabolites

Non-thermal plasma-activated lactate solution kills U251SP glioblastoma cells in an innate reductive manner with altered metabolism

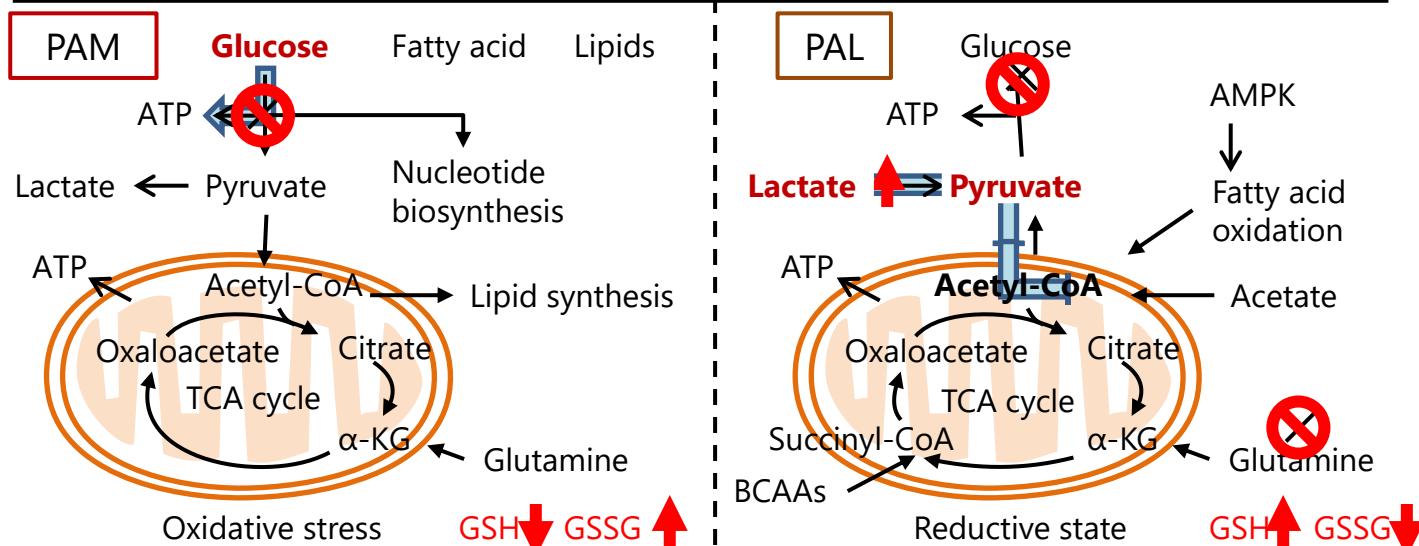


Principle component analysis



Key results in metabolism

	Growth	Apoptosis Caspase	Energy	Sugar	Biomass	Electrons
				Amino acid	Fat	ROS
DMEM	↑	—	—	Catabolism	—	—
PAM	↓	↑	Glycolysis ↓	↓	—	Ox
Lactec	?	—	—	Anabolism	—	Red
PAL	↓	↑	TCA →	↓	↓	Red



NO in plasma-induced ferroptosis



Redox Biology

Volume 43, July 2021, 101989



Research Paper

Lysosomal nitric oxide determines transition from autophagy to ferroptosis after exposure to plasma-activated Ringer's lactate

Li Jiang^a, Hao Zheng^a, Qinying Lyu^a, Shotaro Hayashi^{a,b}, Kotaro Sato^a, Yoshitaka Sekido^c, Kae Nakamura^{b,d}, Hiromasa Tanaka^{d,e}, Kenji Ishikawa^d, Hiroaki Kajiyama^{b,d}, Masaaki Mizuno^e, Masaru Hori^d, Shinya Toyokuni^{a,d,f}

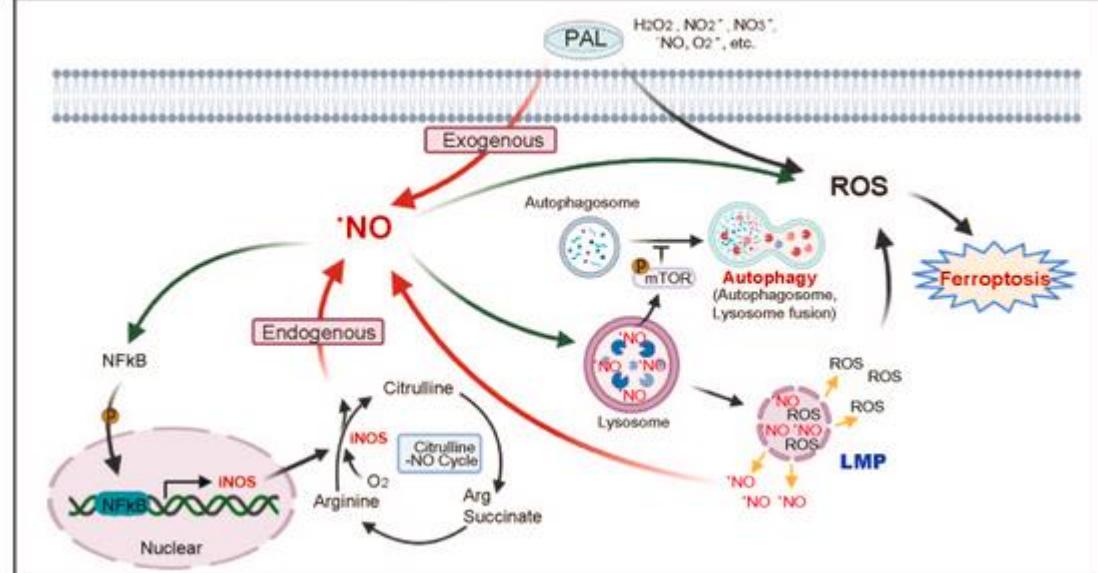
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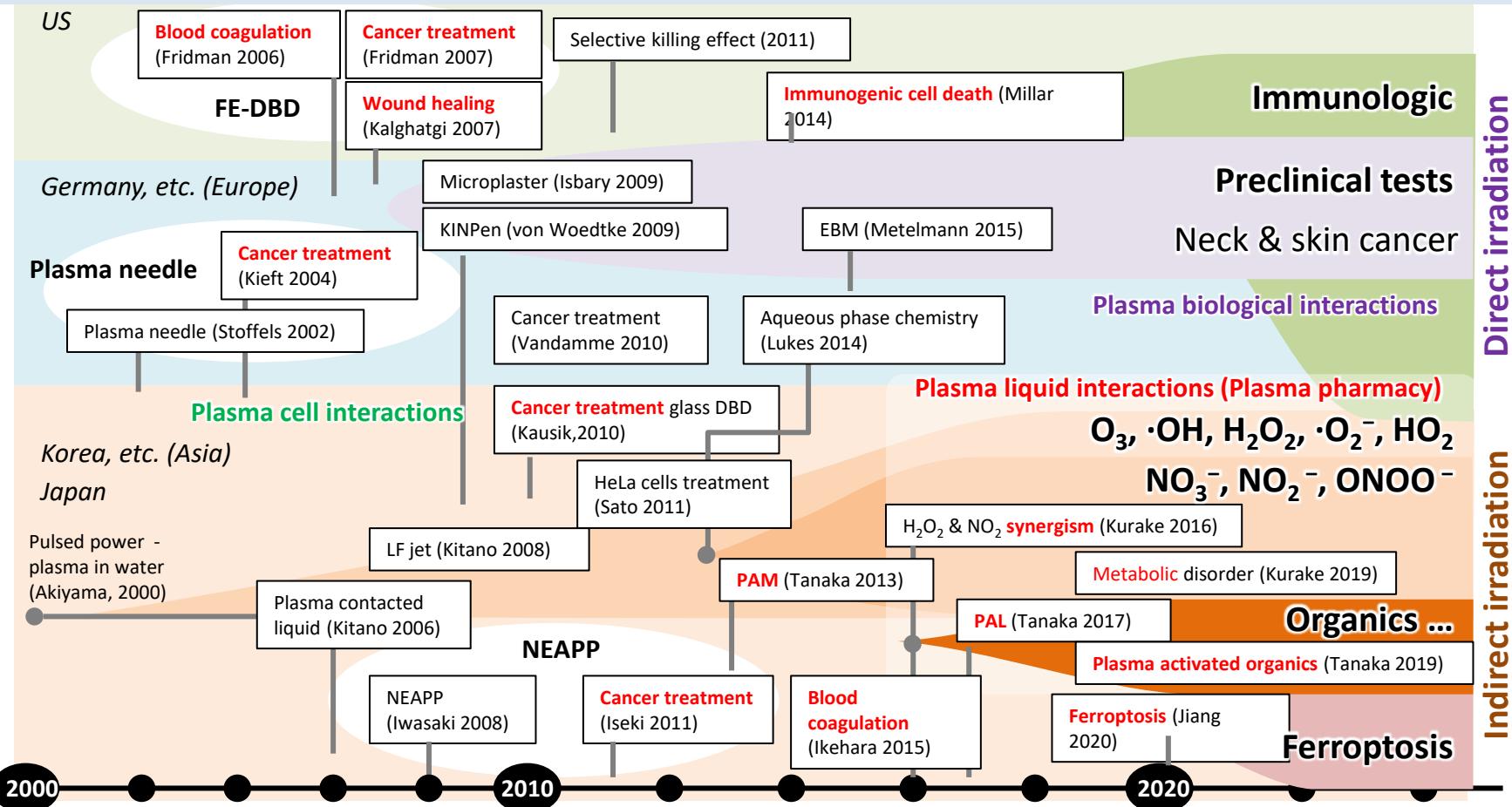
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.redox.2021.101989> ↗

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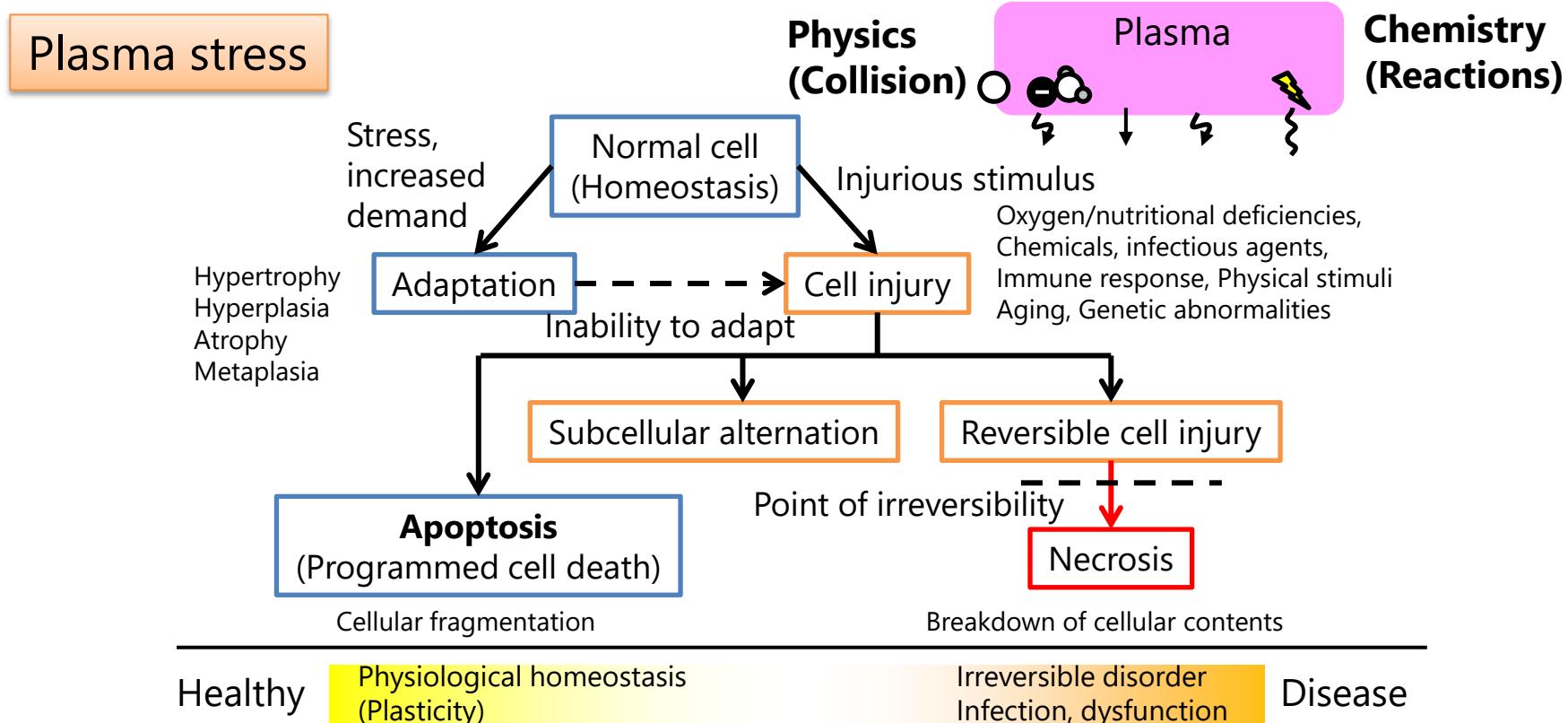
A The role of NO in PAL-induced ferroptosis



Plasma-liquid & living organism interactions



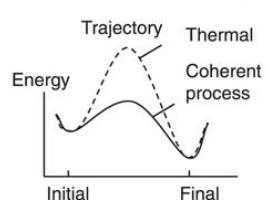
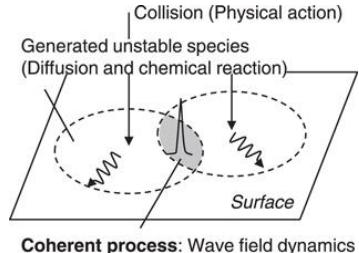
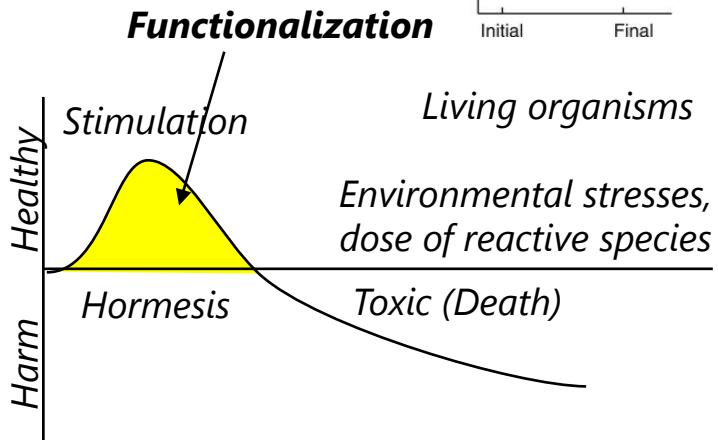
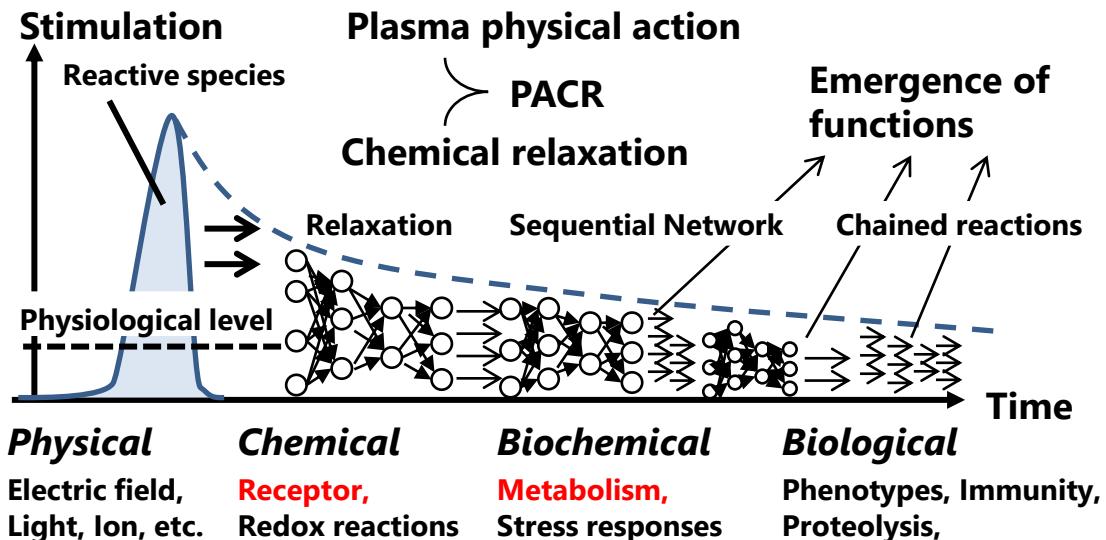
Pathology – plasma pharmacy



Plasma triggers nonequilibrium reactions



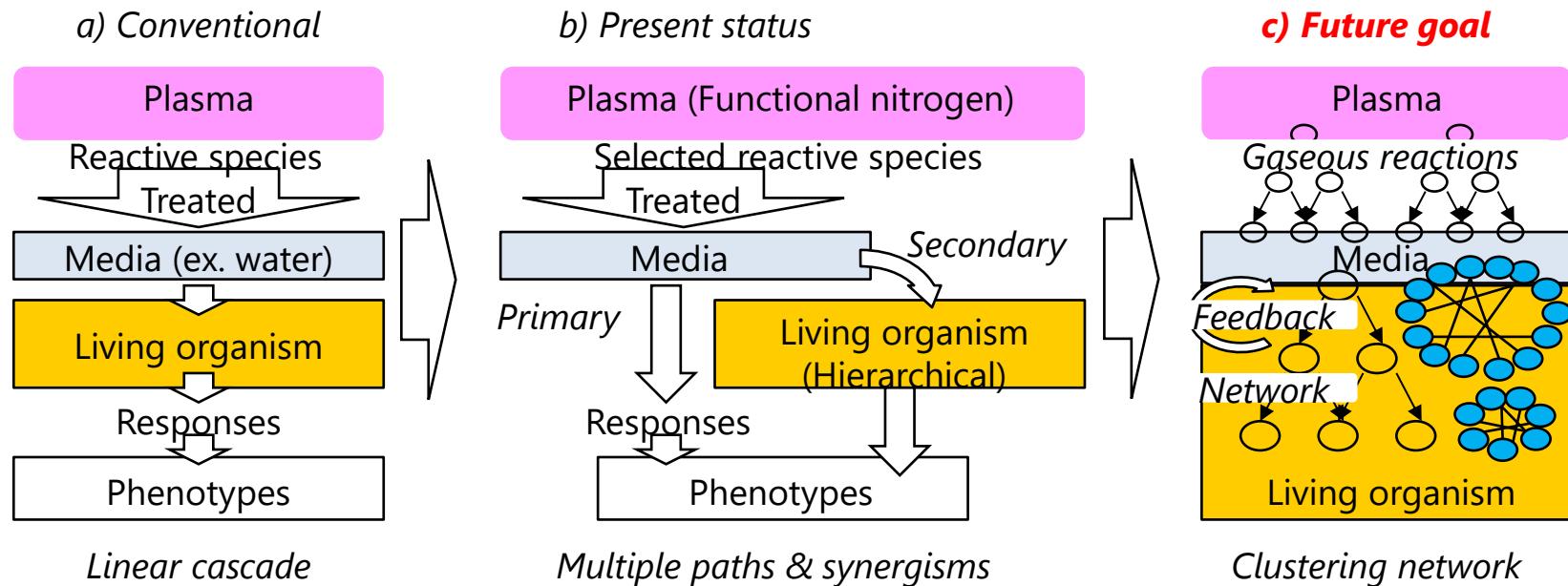
- The relaxation of the initiating physical impulses that exceed a physiological stress level propagates this network so act as stimulations. Thus, the plasma-induced reactions are both dynamic and reversible. These subsequently react with other species and generate various products as a consequence of **physical actions and chemical relaxation** (PACR).



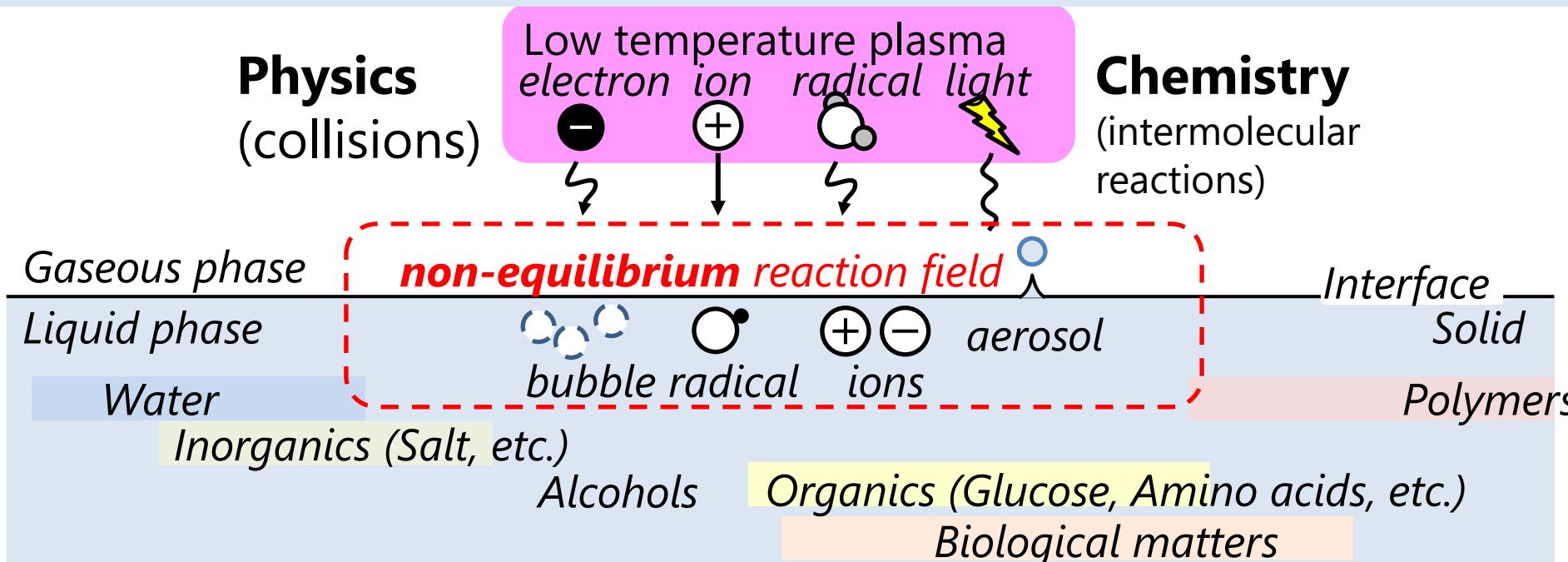
Understanding of complex plasma reactions



- Similarities and differences between animate and inanimate systems. All the multiple pathways quantitatively are analyzed by multiple *in situ* and real-time measurements during this process.



Conclusion - plasma as a tool to open life innovation



- Low temperature plasma surface interactions – physics and chemistry - *kinetic control* of reactions
- To elucidate physical actions, chemical reactions (PACR) using multiple *in situ* analyses at real time during processing.

Acknowledgements

- The authors would like to thank Profs **M. Hori, H. Tanaka, C. Miron, S. Toyokuni, M. Mizuno, H. Kajiyama, K. Nakamura**, (Nagoya U), **H. Toyoda, N. Ohno**, (Nagoya U), **M. Ito** (Meijo U), **Y. Ikehara** (Chiba U); **M. Shiratani**, and **K. Koga** (Kyushu U); **H. Sakakita** (AIST); the **center for low-temperature plasma sciences** and the **Ishikawa-Tanaka (Hori-Sekine) laboratory** members for technical assistances.
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科研費
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